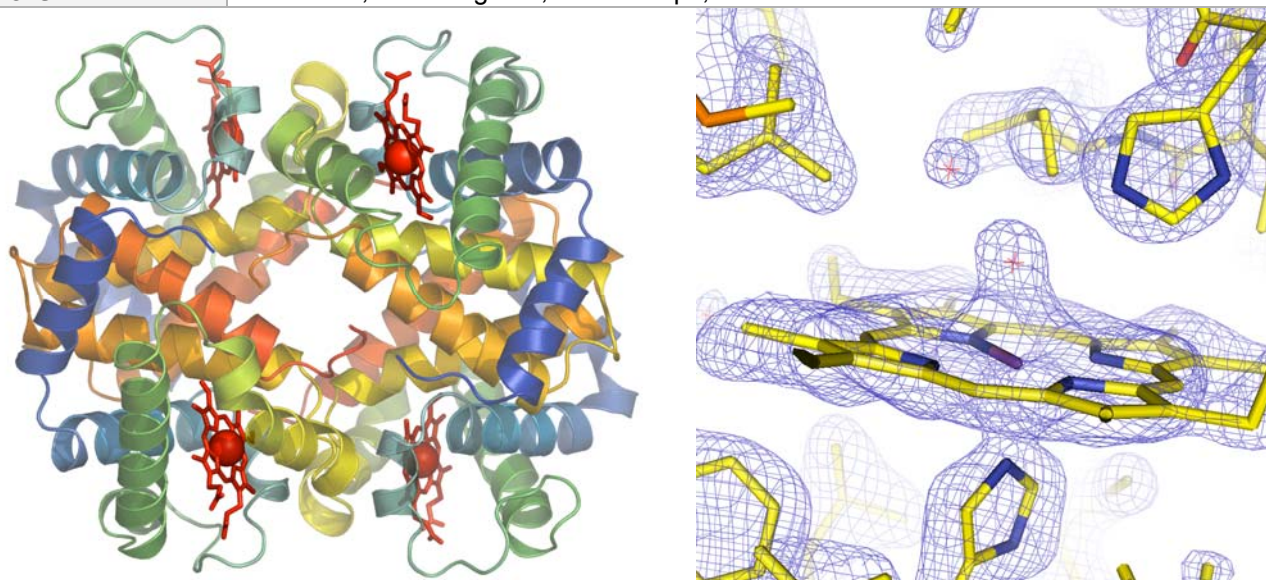


# Center for Eukaryotic Structural Genomics

## Protein Structure Initiative



<b>Target ID</b>	GO.34368	
<b>Source Organism</b>	<i>Perca flavescens</i>	
<b>Target Name</b>	Perch hemoglobin	
<b>PDB Entry</b>	1XQ5	Deposition: 11-Oct-2004
<b>Function</b>	oxygen transport (hemoglobin)	
<b>Produced From</b>	Natural source (blood)	
<b>Structure by X-ray</b>	Resolution: 1.9 Å	R-value (R-free): 24.3% (29.5%)
	No of Residues:	Subunits/ASU: one $\alpha_2\beta_2$ tetramer
<b>Data Collected At</b>	Advanced Photon Source SBC 19-BM 31-Jul-2004	
<b>Authors</b>	R. Aranda, C.A. Bingman, G.N. Phillips, Jr.	



### Structural Features

The structure of hemoglobin from the perch, *Perca flavescens*, was determined to a resolution of 1.9 Å using molecular replacement. This target was a request by Professor Mark Richards of the Department of Animal Sciences at the University of Wisconsin-Madison. The rationale for the study of this protein comes from the fact that oxidized lipids contribute to off odors in fish. These appear before the fish is unsafe to eat, but limits shelf life and perceived quality. Thus, this hemoglobin is interesting because, when oxidized, has a high rate of enzymatic oxidation of lipids. Furthermore, studies by Richards and Olson (*unpublished*) show an unusual rate of auto-oxidation. This structure may lead to a better understanding of this enzymatic activity, which could have significant nutritional and economic value. CESG used PCR to sequence the beta chain, and a combination of PCR and inspection of electron density maps to sequence the alpha chain. The tetramer exhibits a high degree of symmetry, which is typical, except that electron density corresponding the sixth ligand of the iron, normally molecular oxygen in the physiological state, shows varying degree of occupancy.

<b>Percent Identity with Nearest PDB Structure at Time Solved</b>	$\alpha$ : 66.6% to 1V4U $\beta$ : 72.6% to 1S5Y
<b>Pfam Cluster</b>	globin
<b>Protonet Cluster Size : Structures in PDB</b>	941 : 34

Center for Eukaryotic Structural Genomics (CESG), University of Wisconsin-Madison Biochemistry Department, 433 Babcock Drive, Madison, WI 53706-1549; phone: 608.263.2183; fax: 608.890.1942; email: [cesginfo@biochem.wisc.edu](mailto:cesginfo@biochem.wisc.edu); website: <http://www.uwstructuralgenomics.org>. This research funded by NIH / NIGMS Protein Structure Initiative grants U54 GM074901 and P50 GM064598.